

## **Application**

The AES500 contactor is designed for stationary power applications, such as energy storage systems, UPS and charging station

#### **Certification Information**

Product complies with RoHS standard (2011/65/EU)



Nomenclature

AES500

M

AN

Series code:

"AES500" = AES500 Series

Coil Voltage:

"M" = 12 - 24VDC

Options:

"A" = With Aux. Contact (SPST-NO)

"N" = Non-Polarized Load Terminals



### **Performance Data:**

	Ma	in Contact	Expected Life	
Contact Arrangement		1 Form X (SPST-NO DM)		500A@750VDC, 1000 Cycles 100A@1500VDC, 6000 Cycles
Max. Switching Voltage		1500 Vdc	Electrical Endurance	
Rated Current		500A	Endarance	
Contact resistance		50mV@100A	Mechanical life	200,000 Cycles
Max Short Circuit Current		2500A (20s)	iviectianical ine	
Short Term Current		1000A (1min.) 2000A (0.5min.)	AUX Contact	
Dielectric Withstanding	Between Open Contacts	4500 VAC/5mA/60s	Aux. Contact arrangement	1 Form A
Voltage (Initial)	Between Contacts to Coil	4500 VAC/5mA/60s	Aux. Contact Current Max.	3A@24VDC/ 3A@125VAC
Insulation Resistance (Initial	Terminal to Terminal	Min. 1000 MΩ@500Vdc		100mA@8v
	Terminals to Coil	Min. 1000 MΩ@500Vdc	Aux. Contact Current Min.	
Contact Voltage Drop (initial)		Max. 0.5 mΩ (Max. 50mV/100A)		
			Operate Time @ 25°C	
Shock	Functional	196m/s2 Sine half-wave pulse	Operate Time	40ms, Max. @20°C
	Destructive	90m/s2 Sine half-wave pulse		
Operating Temperature		-40 to +85°C	Release Time 10ms, Max. @2	10 May @20%
Humidity		5% to 85%RH		10ms, Max. @20°C
Weight		1.32 Lb. (600g)		

#### Note:

<sup>1.</sup> Do not meet dielectric & IR after the test.

<sup>2.</sup> ON:OFF = 1s:9s.

<sup>3.</sup> The ambient environment of application should not cause any dewing or icing inside the relay. Otherwise, the relay may fail to work consequently.



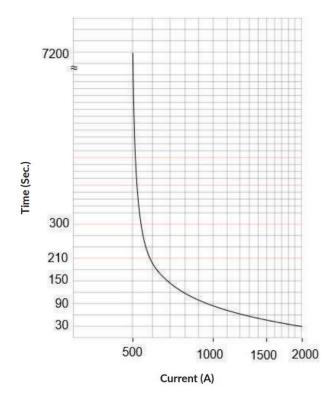
## Coil Data (Cont.):

Coil Data				
Nominal Voltage	12-24 Vdc			
Pick-up Voltage (20C)	8-9 Vdc			
Drop-out Voltage (20 C)	5-7 Vdc			
Max Inrush Current (20 C)	3.8A			
Avg. Holding Current (20 C)	0.34A@12Vdc 0.16A@24Vdc 0.1A@36Vdc			

#### **Performance Data**

#### **Carry Current Performance**

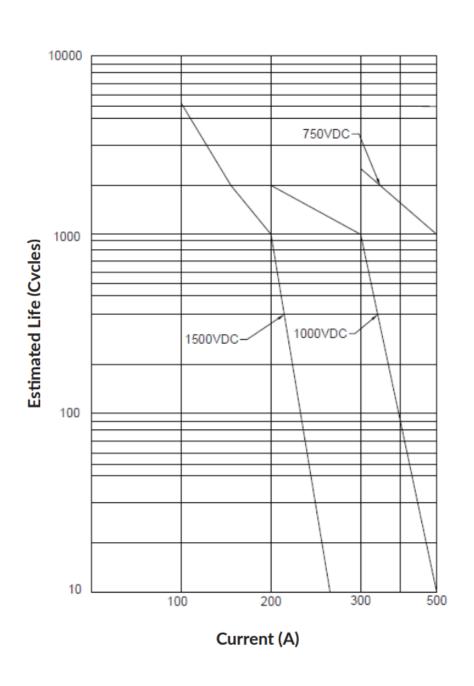
Carry current performance (@ 20°C). The cross-section area of copper Bus is ≥300mm2, the charted data is for reference only





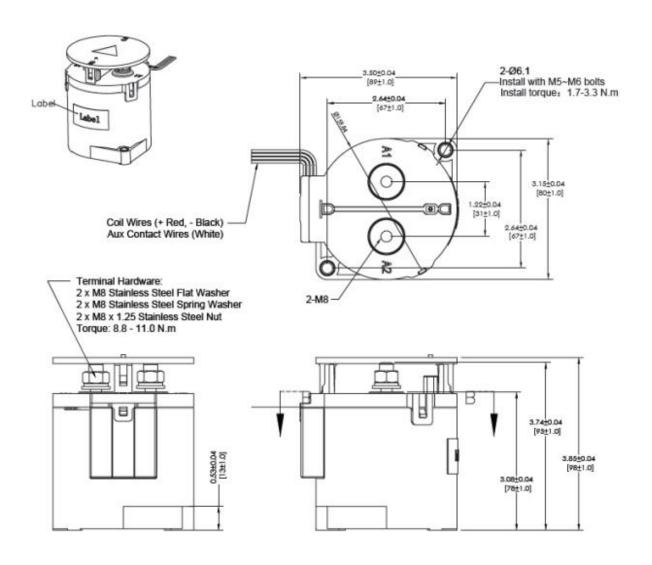
#### **Electrical Life**

Estimated Make and Break Resistive Load Ratings





### **Outline Daimonion: Inches (mm)**





#### **APPLICATION NOTES:**

- 1. To prevent loosening, washers should be used whenever the contactor is installed. All terminals or copper bar must be in direct contact with the contactor's main terminals. Please control the screw tightening torque of each part within the specified range in the table below. If the torque exceeds the recommended range, it may cause damage to the sealed cavity and thread damage.
  - Contact torque: 6.0-8.0 N.m (Max depth, 12 threads)
  - Mounting torque: 1.7-3.3 N.m
- 2. Products with polarity marked on the load end must be used correctly according to the product label. When the load connection polarity is reversed, the electrical characteristics promised in this manual cannot be guaranteed.
- 3. Products with a coil economizer are already equipped with back EMF circuits, so there is no need to use surge protectors.
- 4. Avoid installing the contactor in a strong magnetic field environment (near transformers or magnets) and avoid placing the contactor near objects with heat radiation.
- 5. When continuous current is applied to the contacts of the relay, and the Coil is turned on immediately after the power is cut off. At this time, as the temperature of the coil increases, the resistance of the coil will also increase, which will increase the pull-in voltage of the product, which may result in exceeding the rated Pull-in voltage. In this case, the following measures should be taken to reduce the load current; limit the continuous power-on time or use a coil voltage higher than the rated pull-in voltage.
- 6. When the voltage applied to the coil exceeds the maximum allowable applied voltage, the coil temperature may rise and lead to coil damage and inter-layer short circuit.
- 7. The rated values in the contact parameters are values for resistive load. When using an inductive load with L/R>1ms, please connect a surge current protection device to the inductive load in parallel. If no measures are taken, the electrical life may be reduced and the continuity may be poor. Please consider sufficient margin space in the design.
- 8. Supply power must be greater than coil power or it will reduce performance capability.
- 9. Please do not allow debris and oil to adhere to the main terminals; Make sure that the main terminals are in reliable contact with the load conductor, otherwise the temperature rise of the terminal / conductor connection may be too high due to the excessive contact resistance
- 10. Please do not allow debris and oil to adhere to the main terminals; Make sure that the main terminals are in reliable contact with the load conductor, otherwise the temperature rise of the terminal/conductor connection may be too high due to the excessive contact resistance.
- 11. The load conductor must have the corresponding current load capacity and heat dissipation capacity (it is recommended to use a copper bar with min 325mm2),), to prevent overheating and affecting the life of the contactor.
- 12. Is impossible to determine all the performance parameters of contactors in each specific application, therefore, customers should choose the products matching them according to their own conditions of use. If in doubt, contact Altran, however, the customer will be responsible for validating that the products meet their application.
- 13. Do not use if dropped.
- 14. Altran reserves the right to make changes as needed. Customers should reconfirm the contents of the specification or ask for us to supply a new specification if necessary.